

1085

1912 Dates J-BK

Nobles of Sweden attain supremacy
in the Diet.

1085

Death of Hugh VII and Concord
Robert succeeded as duke of Apulia
by his son Roger; Bohemund
count of OTTAVANTO withdrew
Normans to Italy.

Rafonso VI of Castile captured Toledo.

C1085

1912 Dates J-BK

(1024? - 1093) MALCOLM III, nicknamed (CANMORE)
(Great Head)

On death of his father, DUNCAN, at the hands
of Macbeth, he was aided in the fight
for the throne by SIWARD of NORTHUMBRIA.
Having defeated and killed Macbeth, he
was crowned at Scone (1057). In 1070
he married Margaret, sister of Edgar
ATHELING, a Saxon nobleman, who had
found refuge at the Scottish Court. He

ravaged Yorkshire and Northumberland
the same year, but was obliged to
retreat. The greater part of his reign
was spent in warfare with England

1085-1086

1912 Dates J-F

Compilation of Domesday book, the record of a statistical survey of England in 1085-1086.

.It contains population, information regarding ownership, state and area of cultivation etc.

1085

The Arab citadel of Toledo in Spain fell, and the victorious Christian troops found a literary treasure beyond anything they could have dreamed of.

1912 Dates J-BK

1085

Invasion from Denmark
England
was averted

1912 Dates J-BK

May 25, 1085

Toledo, Spain
was captured by Saracens 712
was retaken by Alfonso I of Castile
May 25, 1085

1085

1912 Dates J-BK

The church of St. Mark's
at Venice was completed

1085

Toledo, the heart of the ^{Spain} "new"
Castile was taken from the
Mothers in 1085

1085

Toledo is taken from the
Moors by Alfonso

C1085

Omar KH AYYAN, poet-astromer
of Persia corrected the
calendar

1085

Alfonso VI Captured Toledo
when Ferdinand the Great died in 1065,
he bequeathed his Christian Kingdom
of Castile and León to his two sons,
Sancho was given Castile, and Alfonso
was given León. War between the
brothers ended with Sancho's death
in 1072, and Alfonso inherited Castile.
As Alfonso VI of the reunited kingdom,
he embarked on a campaign of conquest.

He seized Rioja and the Basque provinces
in 1072 and in 1077 assumed the title of
"Emperor of all Spain." He then turned his
attention to Muslim Toledo, a vassal
state which paid him tribute, and after
a long siege captured it in 1085. This restored
to Spain an important historical and cultural
center that had been in Muslim hands
since the 8th Cen. Although the ALMORAVIDS
responded to Muslim appeals for aid and inflicted
a series of defeats on Alfonso after 1086, Toledo was
never retaken.